

# Junos advanced

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# Содержание

- Конфигурация Junos через CLI (адрес)
- Syslog
- Время и NTP
- Где искать информацию?

# Конфигурация Junos через CLI (аdvанс)



# Deactivate / Activate

```
warrior@vmx-21# show snmp
```

```
trap-group 1 {  
  targets {  
    1.2.3.4;  
    5.6.7.8;  
  }  
}
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# deactivate snmp trap-group 1 targets 1.2.3.4
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# show | compare
```

```
[edit snmp trap-group 1 targets]  
! inactive: 1.2.3.4 { ... }
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# commit
```

```
commit complete
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# show snmp
```

```
trap-group 1 {  
  targets {  
    inactive: 1.2.3.4;           // не-активная часть конфигурации  
    5.6.7.8;  
  }  
}
```

# Аннотирование

```
w warrior@vmx-21# show snmp
tr trap-group 1 {
  targets {
    1.2.3.4;
    5.6.7.8;
  }
}

w warrior@vmx-21# edit snmp trap-group 1 targets

[ε [edit snmp trap-group 1 targets]
w warrior@vmx-21# annotate 1.2.3.4 "-- My primary server; Contact Ivan Ivanov for details"

[ε [edit snmp trap-group 1 targets]
w warrior@vmx-21# commit

w warrior@vmx-21# show snmp
tr trap-group 1 {
  targets {
    /* -- My primary server; Contact Ivan Ivanov for details */ // аннотация
    1.2.3.4;
    5.6.7.8;
  }
}
```

# Commit с автоматическим rollback через N минут

- Безопасно ли все это коммитить? Все ли учтено (!?!?!?)

```
warrior@vmx-28# show | compare
[edit system]
... // сложные/множественные изменения здесь
[edit interfaces]
... // и здесь
[edit protocols]
... // и здесь
[edit firewall]
... // и здесь

warrior@vmx-28# commit confirmed ?
<[Enter]> Execute this command
<timeout> Number of minutes until automatic rollback (1..65535)
and-quit Quit configuration mode if commit succeeds
comment Message to write to commit log

warrior@vmx-28# commit confirmed 2
commit confirmed will be automatically rolled back in 2 minutes unless confirmed
commit complete
```

# Configure exclusive

- “ЭКСКЛЮЗИВНЫЙ” режим
- ТОЛЬКО ОДИН оператор может вносить изменения в конфигурацию

```
warrior@vmx-21> configure exclusive // пользователь warrior
warning: uncommitted changes will be discarded on exit
Entering configuration mode
```

```
student21@vmx-21> configure // пользователь student21
Entering configuration mode
Users currently editing the configuration:
  warrior terminal p0 (pid 17567) on since 2017-11-25 17:20:41 UTC, idle 00:00:50
  exclusive [edit]
```

```
student21@vmx-21# set interfaces ge-0/0/9 description "--test interface"
error: configuration database locked by:
  warrior terminal p0 (pid 17567) on since 2017-11-25 17:20:41 UTC, idle 00:01:00
  exclusive [edit]
```

```
student21@vmx-21# show | compare // невозможно внести изменения
```

```
student21@vmx-21#
```

# Configure private

- “приватный” режим конфигурации
- несколько операторов могут работать одновременно

```
warrior@vmx-21> edit private           // warrior
warning: uncommitted changes will be discarded on exit
Entering configuration mode

warrior@vmx-21# set snmp community public authorization read-only

warrior@vmx-21# show | compare
[edit]
+ snmp {
+   community public {
+     authorization read-only;
+   }
+ }

warrior@vmx-21# commit and-quit
commit complete
Exiting configuration mode
```

```
student21@vmx-21> edit private         // student21
warning: uncommitted changes will be discarded on exit
Entering configuration mode
Users currently editing the configuration:
  warrior terminal p0 (pid 22943) on since 2017-11-25 18:26:46 UTC
  private [edit]

student21@vmx-21# set system name-server 1.2.3.4

student21@vmx-21# show | compare
[edit system]
+ name-server {
+   1.2.3.4;
+ }

student21@vmx-21# commit and-quit
commit complete
Exiting configuration mode
```

# Сохранение конфигурации (1)

- в локальную директорию

```
student21@vmx-21# run file list detail
```

```
/var/home/student21/: // домашняя директория для оператора student21
total blocks: 8
total files: 0
```

```
student21@vmx-21# save ?
```

```
Possible completions:
```

```
<filename>      Filename (URL, local, remote, or floppy)
terminal        Use login terminal
```

```
student21@vmx-21# save vmx21-config-for-test-setup.txt
```

```
Wrote 70 lines of configuration to 'vmx21-config-for-test-setup.txt'
```

```
student21@vmx-21# run file list detail
```

```
/var/home/student21/:
total blocks: 12
-rw-r--r--  1 student21 20   1551 Nov 25 17:33 vmx21-config-for-test-setup.txt
total files: 1
```

# Сохранение конфигурации (2)

- на удаленный сервер (FTP, SCP)

```
warrior@vmx-21# save scp://warrior@192.168.64.64/home/warrior/my-best-config.txt
```

```
Password:
```

```
tempfile
```

```
100% 1593 1.6KB/s 00:00
```

```
Wrote 71 lines of configuration to 'scp://warrior@192.168.64.64/home/warrior/my-best-config.txt'
```

# Сравнение конфигурации с файлом

```
student21@vmx-21# save /var/tmp/my-working-config-02-Dec-2017.txt
Wrote 70 lines of configuration to '/var/tmp/my-working-config-02-Dec-2017.txt'
```

```
student21@vmx-21# run file list /var/tmp/ detail | match config
-rw-r--r-- 1 student21 field 1551 Nov 25 18:41 my-working-config-02-Dec-2017.txt
```

сеанс 02.12.2017  
Сохранили рабочий  
конфиг в файл

```
student21@vmx-21# show | compare /var/tmp/my-working-config-02-Dec-2017.txt
[edit interfaces ge-0/0/1]
- mtu 2000;
+ mtu 1800;
[edit]
+ policy-options {
+   policy-statement my-policy-1 {
+     term 1 {
+       from protocol static;
+       then accept;
+     }
+   }
+ }
```

сеанс 05.12.2017  
Что изменилось по  
сравнению с рабочим  
конфигом от 2-го декабря?

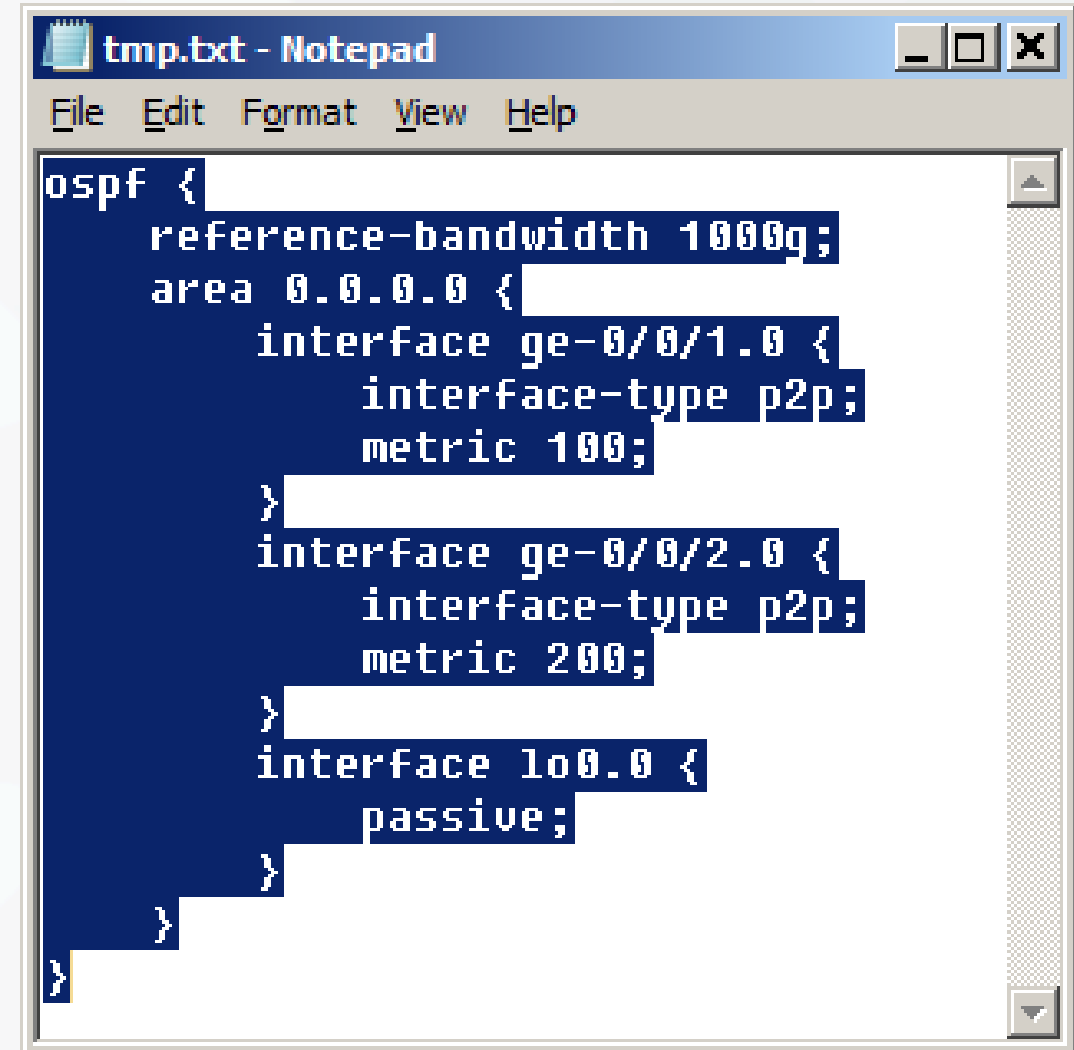
# Загрузка куска конфигурации (load merge)

```
[edit protocols]
student21@vmx-21# load merge terminal relative
[Type ^D at a new line to end input]
ospf {
  reference-bandwidth 1000g;
  area 0.0.0.0 {
    interface ge-0/0/1.0 {
      interface-type p2p;
      metric 100;
    }
    interface ge-0/0/2.0 {
      interface-type p2p;
      metric 200;
    }
    interface lo0.0 {
      passive;
    }
  }
}
// Ctrl+D

load complete

[edit protocols]
student21@vmx-21#
```

*// merge – добавляем в конфиг*  
*// terminal – через терминал*  
*// relative – относительно текущего уровня иерархии (protocols)*



The screenshot shows a Notepad window titled 'tmp.txt - Notepad'. The text inside is OSPF configuration code, which is highlighted in blue. The code is identical to the configuration shown in the terminal on the left.

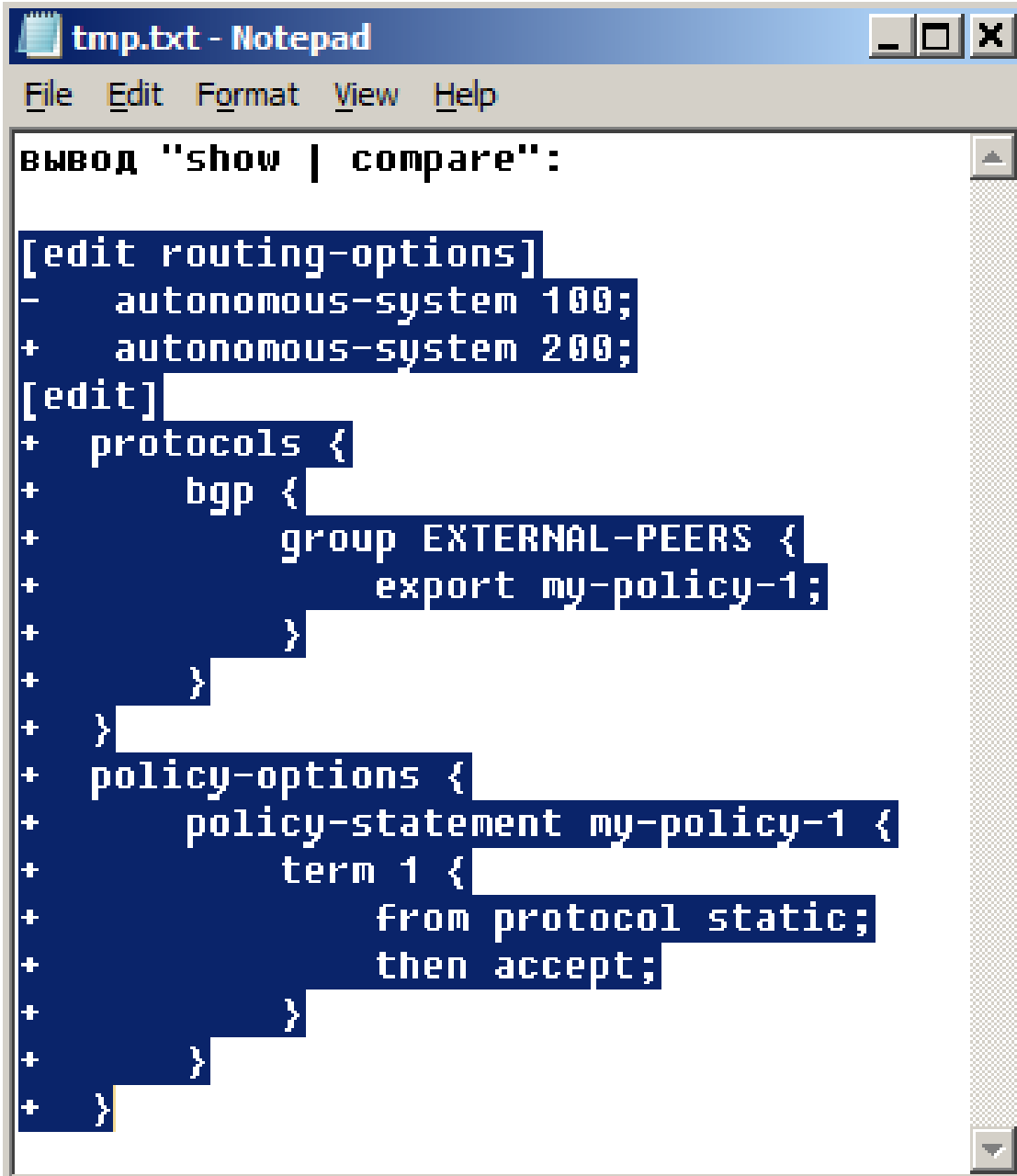
```
ospf {
  reference-bandwidth 1000g;
  area 0.0.0.0 {
    interface ge-0/0/1.0 {
      interface-type p2p;
      metric 100;
    }
    interface ge-0/0/2.0 {
      interface-type p2p;
      metric 200;
    }
    interface lo0.0 {
      passive;
    }
  }
}
```

# Загрузка куска конфигурации (load patch)

```
[edit]
student21@vmx-21# load patch terminal
[Type ^D at a new line to end input]
[edit routing-options]
- autonomous-system 100;
+ autonomous-system 200;
[edit]
+ protocols {
+   bgp {
+     group EXTERNAL-PEERS {
+       export my-policy-1;
+     }
+   }
+ }
+ policy-options {
+   policy-statement my-policy-1 {
+     term 1 {
+       from protocol static;
+       then accept;
+     }
+   }
+ }
load complete
```

// patch – в формате патча (diff)  
// terminal – через терминал  
// находимся наверху иерархии (edit)

// Ctrl+D



```
tmp.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
вывод "show | compare":
[edit routing-options]
- autonomous-system 100;
+ autonomous-system 200;
[edit]
+ protocols {
+   bgp {
+     group EXTERNAL-PEERS {
+       export my-policy-1;
+     }
+   }
+ }
+ policy-options {
+   policy-statement my-policy-1 {
+     term 1 {
+       from protocol static;
+       then accept;
+     }
+   }
+ }
```

# Загрузка полной конфигурации (load override)

```
student21@vmx-21# run file list detail
```

```
/var/home/student21/:  
-rw-r--r-- 1 student21 20 1551 Nov 25 19:36 my-best-config.txt  
total files: 1
```

```
student21@vmx-21# load override my-best-config.txt // полностью переписываем весь конфиг  
load complete
```

```
student21@vmx-21# show | compare  
[edit]  
- policy-options {  
-   policy-statement PLC-filter-bad-routes {  
-     term 1 {  
-       from {  
-         route-filter 22.22.22.0/24 orlonger;  
-       }  
-       then reject;  
-     }  
-   }  
- }
```

```
student21@vmx-21# commit
```

# Перенос конфигурации через “display set”

```
student21@vmx-21# show interfaces ge-0/0/1
```

```
description "-- to vmx-28 (P-router)";
```

```
vlan-tagging;
```

```
mtu 2000;
```

```
mac 00:0c:29:2f:a2:c1;
```

```
gigether-options {
```

```
  no-flow-control;
```

```
}
```

```
unit 10 {
```

```
  vlan-id 10;
```

```
  family inet {
```

```
    address 10.0.0.2/30;
```

```
  }
```

```
}
```

```
student21@vmx-21# show interfaces ge-0/0/1 | display set
```

```
set interfaces ge-0/0/1 description "-- to vmx-28 (P-router)"
```

```
set interfaces ge-0/0/1 vlan-tagging
```

```
set interfaces ge-0/0/1 mtu 2000
```

```
set interfaces ge-0/0/1 mac 00:0c:29:2f:a2:c1
```

```
set interfaces ge-0/0/1 gigether-options no-flow-control
```

```
set interfaces ge-0/0/1 unit 10 vlan-id 10
```

```
set interfaces ge-0/0/1 unit 10 family inet address 10.0.0.2/30
```

# Rescue конфигурация

- rescue = спасение
- rescue конфигурацию необходимо явно создать и сохранить

```
warrior@vmx-21> request system configuration rescue save // сохранить текущий конфиг как rescue
```

```
warrior@vmx-21> file list /config/ detail | match rescue  
-rw-r----- 1 root 929      613 Nov 25 21:51 rescue.conf.gz
```

```
[edit]  
warrior@vmx-21# rollback rescue // откатиться на rescue конфиг, при необходимости  
load complete
```

```
warrior@vmx-21> request system configuration rescue delete // удаление rescue конфига
```

```
warrior@vmx-21> file list /config/ detail | match rescue
```

```
warrior@vmx-21>
```

# Сравнение двух rollback

- команда доступна только в операционном режиме

```
warrior@vmx-21# show | compare rollback ?
```

```
Possible completions:
```

```
0      2017-12-04 19:00:54 MSK by warrior via cli
1      2017-12-04 17:07:56 MSK by warrior via cli
2      2017-12-04 15:16:03 MSK by warrior via cli
3      2017-12-04 14:59:17 MSK by warrior via cli
4      2017-12-04 13:38:15 MSK by warrior via cli
5      2017-12-04 13:24:06 MSK by warrior via cli
6      2017-12-04 13:17:21 MSK by warrior via cli
7      2017-12-04 12:26:19 MSK by warrior via cli
8      2017-12-04 12:17:45 MSK by warrior via cli
9      2017-12-04 12:00:47 MSK by warrior via cli
10     2017-12-04 11:58:34 MSK by warrior via cli
11     2017-12-04 11:57:55 MSK by warrior via cli
12     2017-12-04 11:56:36 MSK by warrior via cli
13     2017-12-04 11:54:41 MSK by warrior via cli
14     2017-12-04 11:53:58 MSK by warrior via cli
15     2017-12-04 11:50:51 MSK by warrior via cli
16     2017-12-04 11:44:50 MSK by warrior via cli
17     2017-12-04 11:44:07 MSK by warrior via cli
18     2017-11-26 04:39:54 MSK by warrior via cli
19     2017-11-25 23:49:07 MSK by student21 via cli
20     2017-11-25 23:37:03 MSK by student21 via cli
21     2017-11-25 23:36:33 MSK by student21 via cli
22     2017-11-25 23:35:59 MSK by student21 via cli
```

```
...
```

```
warrior@vmx-21> show system rollback compare 19 10
```

```
[edit system]
```

```
+ time-zone Europe/Moscow;
```

```
+ ntp {
```

```
+   server 185.22.60.71;
```

```
+   source-address 192.168.1.21;
```

```
+ }
```

```
[edit routing-options static]
```

```
route 10.0.0.0/24 { ... }
```

```
+ route 185.22.60.71/32 next-hop 192.168.1.2;
```

```
+ route 194.100.100.151/32 next-hop 192.168.1.2;
```

какая разница между  
этими конфигами?

# Массовая замена

```
warrior@vmx-21# replace pattern ge-0/0/1 with ge-0/0/9
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# show | compare
```

```
[edit interfaces]
- ge-0/0/1 {
-   description "-- to vmx-28 (P-router)";
-   vlan-tagging;
-   mtu 2000;
-   mac 00:0c:29:2f:a2:c1;
-   ggether-options {
-     no-flow-control;
-   }
<-- skipped -->
- }
+ ge-0/0/9 {
+   description "-- to vmx-28 (P-router)";
+   vlan-tagging;
+   mtu 2000;
+   mac 00:0c:29:2f:a2:c1;
+   ggether-options {
+     no-flow-control;
+   }
<-- skipped -->
+ }
[edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.0]
+ interface ge-0/0/9.10 {
+   interface-type p2p;
+ }
  interface lo0.0 { ... }
[edit protocols ospf area 0.0.0.0]
- interface ge-0/0/1.10 {
-   interface-type p2p;
- }
```

# Перестановка термов (routing policy, firewall filter)

[edit firewall family inet filter FF1]

warrior@vmx-72# show

**term block-from-172-16-10 {**

from {

source-address {

172.16.10.0/24;

}

}

then {

count BLOCKED-PACKETS;

discard;

}

}

**term permit-all-other-traffic {**

then accept;

}

**term block-from-172-16-55 {**

from {

source-address {

172.16.55.0/24;

}

}

then {

count BLOCKED-PACKETS;

discard;

}

}

[edit firewall family inet filter FF1]

warrior@vmx-72# insert term permit-all-other-traffic after term block-from-172-16-55

warrior@vmx-72# show

**term block-from-172-16-10 {**

from {

source-address {

172.16.10.0/24;

}

}

then {

count BLOCKED-PACKETS;

discard;

}

}

**term block-from-172-16-55 {**

from {

source-address {

172.16.55.0/24;

}

}

then {

count BLOCKED-PACKETS;

discard;

}

}

**term permit-all-other-traffic {**

then accept;

}



# Настройки текущего сеанса CLI

```
warrior@vmx-21# run set cli ?
```

Possible completions:

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| complete-on-space  | Set whether typing space completes current word           |
| directory          | Set working directory                                     |
| idle-timeout       | Set maximum idle time before login session ends           |
| prompt             | Set CLI command prompt string                             |
| restart-on-upgrade | Set whether CLI prompts to restart after software upgrade |
| screen-length      | Set number of lines on screen                             |
| screen-width       | Set number of characters on a line                        |
| terminal           | Set terminal type   |
| timestamp          | Timestamp CLI output                                      |

```
warrior@vmx-21# run show cli
```

```
CLI complete-on-space set to on
CLI idle-timeout disabled
CLI restart-on-upgrade set to on
CLI screen-length set to 61
CLI screen-width set to 207
CLI terminal is 'xterm'
CLI is operating in enhanced mode
CLI timestamp disabled
CLI working directory is '/var/home/warrior'
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# run set cli timestamp
```

```
Dec 05 01:58:17
CLI timestamp set to: %b %d %T
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# run show cli | match timestamp
```

```
Dec 05 01:58:35
CLI timestamp set to '%b %d %T'
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# run show ospf neighbor
```

```
Dec 05 01:59:47
```

| Address  | Interface   | State | ID       | Pri | Dead |
|----------|-------------|-------|----------|-----|------|
| 10.0.0.1 | ge-0/0/1.10 | Full  | 7.0.0.28 | 128 | 31   |

# Syslog



# Что такое syslog?

- средство системного логирования в Unix (syslog = system log)
- сообщения можно сохранять в локальных файлах (=логах)
- сообщения можно пересылать на удаленный Syslog сервер
- сообщения (=события) разбиваются на:
  - классы (facility)
  - важность (severity)
- основной лог файл, обычно: */var/log/messages*

```
noc@KRD-TIH-P-MX480> file list /var/log/messages* detail
```

```
-rw-rw---- 1 root wheel 308885 Dec 2 19:25 /var/log/messages
-rw-rw---- 1 root wheel 47104 Nov 10 14:15 /var/log/messages.0.gz
-rw-rw---- 1 root wheel 39249 Oct 18 15:45 /var/log/messages.1.gz
-rw-rw---- 1 root wheel 58279 Oct 16 01:15 /var/log/messages.2.gz
-rw-rw---- 1 root wheel 46886 Sep 29 21:00 /var/log/messages.3.gz
```

# Syslog конфигурация по умолчанию

```
warrior@vmx-21# show system syslog
```

```
user * {                                     // отправлять на терминал/консоль любому оператору
  any emergency;                             // класс = любой (any), важность = emergency и важнее
}
file messages {                             // записывать в файл /var/log/messages
  any notice;                               // любое событие с важностью notice и важнее
  authorization info;                       // события авторизации с важностью info и важнее
}
file interactive-commands {                // записывать в файл /var/log/interactive-commands
  interactive-commands any;                 // команды которые вводит оператор, с любой важностью (т.е. все)
}
```

# Какие бывают классы сообщений?

```
warrior@vmx-21# set system syslog file my-log-file ?
```

```
...  
any                All facilities  
authorization      Authorization system  
change-log         Configuration change log  
conflict-log       Configuration conflict log  
daemon            Various system processes  
dfc                Dynamic flow capture  
external           Local external applications  
firewall           Firewall filtering system  
ftp                FTP process  
interactive-commands Commands executed by the UI  
kernel            Kernel  
match             Regular expression for lines to be logged  
ntp               NTP process  
pfe               Packet Forwarding Engine  
security          Security related  
user              User processes  
...
```

# Какие бывают важности (уровни)?

```
warrior@vmx-21# set system syslog file my-log-file firewall ?
```

```
...  
any          All levels          // любая важность  
none         No messages         // “никакие важности (уровни) не интересны”  
debug        Software debugging messages // отладочные сообщения (скрытая команда)  
info         Informational messages // информация  
notice       Conditions that should be handled specially // замечания  
warning      Warning messages     // предупреждения  
error        Error conditions      // ошибки  
critical     Critical conditions   // критические события  
alert        Conditions that should be corrected immediately // тревога, требуется немедленное вмешательство  
emergency    Panic conditions     // прекращение функционирования  
...
```

# Пример syslog сообщения (события)

```
noc@KRD-TIH-P-MX480 show log messages | match OSPF
```

```
...
```

```
Nov 13 09:26:04.441 2017 KRD-TIH-P-MX480 rpd[7392]: RPD_OSPF_NBRDOWN: OSPF neighbor 62.183.28.135 (realm ospf-v2 xe-5/0/1.0 area 0.0.0.0) state changed from Full to Down due to KillNbr (event reason: interface went down)
```

```
...
```

```
noc@KRD-TIH-P-MX480> help syslog RPD_OSPF_NBRDOWN
```

```
Name: RPD_OSPF_NBRDOWN
```

```
Message: OSPF neighbor <neighbor-address> (realm <realm-name> <interface-name> area <area-id>i) state changed from <old-state> to <new-state> due to <event-name> (event reason: <reason>)
```

```
Help: OSPF neighbor adjacency was terminated
```

```
Description: An OSPF adjacency with the indicated neighboring router was terminated. The local router no longer exchanges routing information with, or directs traffic to, the neighboring router.
```

```
Type: Event: This message reports an event, not an error
```

```
Severity: notice
```

```
Facility: LOG_DAEMON
```

```
Action: For more information, see KB19074.
```

# Отправка на внешний сервер

```
[edit]
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# show | compare
```

```
[edit system syslog]
```

```
+ host 1.2.3.4 {
```

```
+   daemon error;
```

```
+   kernel warning;
```

```
+   pfe any;
```

```
+   source-address 1.2.3.100;
```

```
// IPv4 адрес источника
```

```
+   explicit-priority;
```

```
// явно включать класс и важность в сообщение
```

```
+ }
```

# Мониторинг лога в реальном времени

```
warrior@vmx-21# run show bgp summary
```

```
Groups: 1 Peers: 1 Down peers: 0
```

```
Table Tot Paths Act Paths Suppressed History Damp State Pending
```

```
inet.0
```

```
12 12 0 0 0 0
```

```
Peer AS InPkt OutPkt OutQ Flaps Last Up/Dwn State|#Active/Received/Accepted/Damped...
```

```
7.0.0.28 100 311 314 0 3 2:20:21 12/12/12/0 0/0/0/0
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# run monitor start messages
```

```
// выключаем BGP сессию на удаленной стороне
```

```
warrior@vmx-21#
```

```
*** messages ***
```

```
Dec 5 01:49:36 vmx-21 rpd[2303]: RPD_BGP_NEIGHBOR_STATE_CHANGED: BGP peer 7.0.0.28 (Internal AS 100) changed state from Established to Idle (event RecvNotify) (instance master)
```

```
Dec 5 01:49:36 vmx-21 rpd[2303]: bgp_read_v4_message:10745: NOTIFICATION received from 7.0.0.28 (Internal AS 100): code 6 (Cease) subcode 3 (Peer Unconfigured)
```

```
warrior@vmx-21# run monitor stop
```

# Время и NTP



# Время на маршрутизаторе

- каждая запись в лог файле имеет свой timestamp
- синхронизация времени между сетевыми устройствами необходима для эффективного траблшутинга

```
user@router# show | compare
[edit system]
+ time-zone Europe/Moscow;
```

// устанавливаем временную зону

```
user@router> set date ?
Possible completions:
<time>      New date and time (YYYYMMDDhhmm.ss)
ntp         Set system date and time using Network Time Protocol servers
```

// устанавливаем дату и время

```
user@router> set date 201712041130.00
Mon Dec 4 11:30:00 MSK 2017
```

// 11:30, 4-ое декабря 2017 года

# Использование NTP

- NTP – Network Time Protocol
- синхронизация с серверами точного времени (NTP серверами)

```
user@router> ping 62.183.0.100
PING 62.183.0.100 (62.183.0.100): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 62.183.0.100: icmp_seq=0 ttl=63 time=9.109 ms
64 bytes from 62.183.0.100: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=7.588 ms
^C
--- 62.183.0.100 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 2 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max/stddev = 7.588/8.348/9.109/0.761 ms
```

```
user@router# show | compare
[edit system]
+ ntp {
+   server 62.183.0.100;
+   server 62.183.0.101;
+ }
```

# Проверка статуса NTP и времени на коробке

```
user@router> show ntp associations
```

```
remote      refid      st t when poll reach  delay  offset jitter
=====
*62.183.0.100 194.190.168.1 2 - 880 1024 377  8.260 -11.499 0.302 // * - сервер выбран для синхронизации
+62.183.0.101 194.190.168.1 2 - 943 1024 377 11.669 -6.617 1.381 // + - запасной сервер
```

```
user@router> show ntp status
```

```
status=0644 leap_none, sync_ntp, 4 events, event_peer/strat_chg,
version="ntpd 4.2.0-a Thu Dec 22 10:48:40 UTC 2016 (1)",
processor="i386", system="JUNOS14.2R7-S4.1", leap=00, stratum=3,
precision=-21, rootdelay=27.532, rootdispersion=118.629, peer=58764,
refid=62.183.0.100,
reftime=ddcf8aa4.0acb42b4 Mon, Dec 4 2017 11:49:40.042, poll=10,
clock=ddcf8e1c.7cc10373 Mon, Dec 4 2017 12:04:28.487, state=4,
offset=-8.783, frequency=-65.770, jitter=5.714, stability=0.023
```

```
user@router> show system uptime
```

```
Current time: 2017-12-04 12:05:02 MSK
System booted: 2017-04-10 16:52:12 MSK (33w6d 19:12 ago)
Protocols started: 2017-04-11 05:29:49 MSK (33w6d 06:35 ago)
Last configured: 2017-12-01 09:19:23 MSK (3d 02:45 ago) by mic
12:05PM up 237 days, 19:13, 1 user, load averages: 0.32, 0.10, 0.03
```

Где искать информацию?



# Всегда есть КОНТЕКСТНАЯ ПОДСКАЗКА, НО ...

```
warrior@vmx-28# set protocols ospf area 0.0.0.0 interface ge-0/0/1.10 ?
```

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| > authentication              |  |
| > bandwidth-based-metrics     | Configure bandwidth based metrics                        |
| > bfd-liveness-detection      | Bidirectional Forwarding Detection options               |
| dead-interval                 | Dead interval (seconds) (1..65535)                       |
| demand-circuit                | Interface functions as a demand circuit                  |
| dynamic-neighbors             | Learn neighbors dynamically on a p2mp interface          |
| <b>flood-reduction</b>        | <b><u>Enable flood reduction</u></b>                     |
| hello-interval                | Hello interval (seconds) (1..255)                        |
| interface-type                | Type of interface  |
| > ldp-synchronization         | Advertise maximum metric until LDP is operational        |
| link-protection               | Protect interface from link faults only                  |
| metric                        | Interface metric (1..65535)                              |
| > neighbor                    | NBMA neighbor  |
| no-eligible-backup            | Not eligible to backup traffic from protected interfaces |
| no-interface-state-traps      | Do not send interface state change traps                 |
| no-neighbor-down-notification | Don't inform other protocols about neighbor down events  |
| node-link-protection          | Protect interface from both link and node faults         |
| > passive                     | Do not run OSPF, but advertise it                        |
| poll-interval                 | Poll interval for NBMA interfaces (1..65535)             |
| priority                      | Designated router priority (0..255)                      |
| retransmit-interval           | Retransmission interval (seconds) (1..65535)             |
| secondary                     | Treat interface as secondary                             |
| te-metric                     | Traffic engineering metric (1..4294967295)               |
| > topology                    | Topology specific attributes                             |
| transit-delay                 | Transit delay (seconds) (1..65535)                       |

// что это значит? для чего это? как это можно использовать?

# Поиск “сверху вниз” (1)

- [www.juniper.net](http://www.juniper.net) → Support → TechLibrary

The screenshot shows the Juniper TechLibrary website. At the top, there is a dark header with the 'TechLibrary' logo on the left and a search bar on the right. Below the header is a breadcrumb trail: 'Home > TechLibrary'. The main content area is divided into a left sidebar and a main panel. The sidebar contains links to 'CLI Explorer', 'Compliance Advisor', 'Content Explorer', 'Documentation Help', 'Enterprise MIBs', 'EOL Documentation', and 'Feature Explorer'. The main panel features a 'Rate and give feedback: ★★★★★' section, followed by a 'Guidance Center' with links to 'Day One Library', 'Design and Architecture Center', 'Learn About Series', 'Network Configuration Examples', 'Solutions Center', and 'TechWiki'. Below this is a 'Featured Product Documentation' section with a grid of links: 'Application Management & Orchestration', 'Network Management', 'Network Functions Virtualization', 'Network Operating System', 'Junos OS <sup>New</sup>', 'Junosphere', 'Packet Optical', 'Routing', 'Security', 'Software Defined Networking', and 'Switching'. The 'Junos OS <sup>New</sup>' link is highlighted with a red box.

# Поиск “сверху вниз” (2)

## Junos OS

Junos OS is the common operating system that runs on Juniper Networks' routing, switching, and security products. It supports a standard set of features across products, and some product-specific features.

### Release Notes

#### Routing

- ▶ [Release 17.3](#)
- ▶ [Release 17.2](#)
- ▶ [Release 17.1](#)
- ▶ [Release 16.2](#)
- ▶ [Release 16.1](#)
- ▶ [Release 16.1X65](#)
- ▶ [Release 15.1](#)
- ▶ [Release 15.1F](#)
- ▶ [Release 15.1X54](#)
- ▶ [Release 14.2](#)
- ▶ [Release 14.1](#)

### Software Documentation

Getting started, maintenance, troubleshooting, and features.

[ACX Series](#)

[CSE Series](#)

▶ [EX Series](#)

▶ [Junos Fusion](#)

[LN Series](#)

[M Series](#)

[MX Series](#)

[NFX Series](#)

# Поиск “сверху вниз” (3)

## Junos OS for MX Series 3D Universal Edge Routers

### Features

Feature Explorer

Class of Service

MX Series Router Cloud cCPE Services

Feature Guide

Flow Monitoring

High Availability and ISSU

Junos Node Slicing

Junos Telemetry Interface

Multichassis Link Aggregation

OpenConfig

OpenFlow

OVSDB and VXLAN

Routing Policies, Firewall Filters, and  
Traffic Policers

Routing Protocols

Subscriber-Aware Traffic Treatment

# Поиск “сверху вниз” (4)

## Junos OS Routing Protocols Library

### Routing Configuration

[Routing Protocols Overview](#)

[BGP Feature Guide](#)

[ICMP Router Discovery Protocol Feature Guide](#)

[IS-IS Feature Guide](#)

[Multitopology Routing Feature Guide](#)

[IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Feature Guide](#)

[OSPF Feature Guide](#)

[Protocol-Independent Routing Properties Feature Guide](#)

[RIP Feature Guide](#)

[RIPng Feature Guide](#)

# Поиск “сверху вниз” (5)

TechLibrary > Junos OS Routing Protocols Library

[+] Expand All [-] Collapse All

## OSPF Feature Guide

### Overview

#### Introduction to OSPF

**OSPF Overview**

[OSPF Packets Overview](#)

[Understanding OSPF External Metrics](#)

[Supported OSPF and OSPFv3 Standards](#)

[OSPF Routing Policy Overview](#)

[Configuring OSPF](#)

[Troubleshooting](#)

[Configuration Statements and Operational Commands](#)

[Downloads](#)

Rate and give feedback: ★★★★★

## OSPF Overview

OSPF is an interior gateway protocol (IGP) that routes packets make routing decisions, making route calculations using the sh router running OSPF floods link-state advertisements through and routing metrics. Each router uses the information in these create a routing table for the protocol.

### Supported Platforms ⓘ

[ACX Series](#)

[M Series](#)

[MX Series](#)

[SRX Series](#)

[T Series](#)

### Downloads

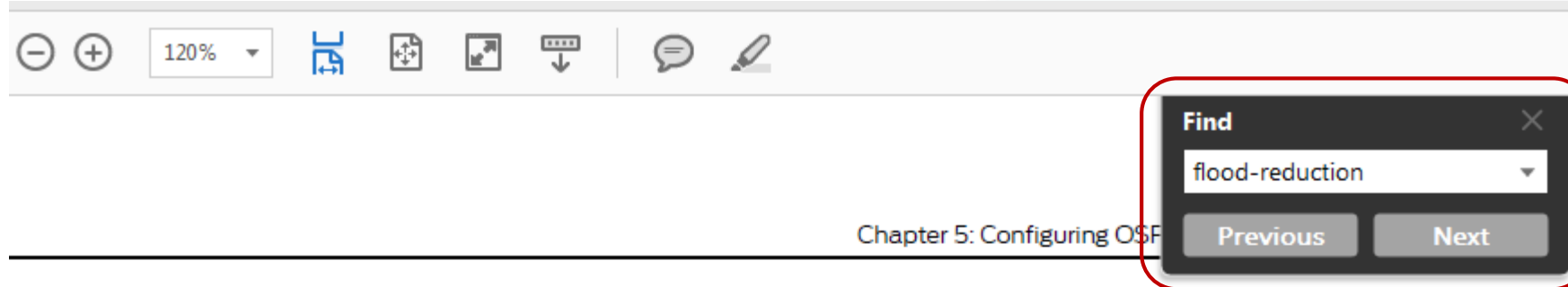
[Download this guide: OSPF !\[\]\(4c63644de47bcb62f00d9f3108fc0a8a\_img.jpg\)](#)

### Related Documentation

[Routing Policies, Firewall Filters, and Traffic Policers Feature Guide](#)

[High Availability Feature Guide](#)

# Поиск “сверху вниз” (6)



To configure flooding reduction for an OSPF interface, include the **flood-reduction** statement at the `[edit protocols (ospf | ospf3) area area-id interface interface-id]` hierarchy level.



**NOTE:** If you configure flooding reduction for an interface configured as a demand circuit, the LSAs are not initially flooded, but sent only when their content has changed. Hello packets and LSAs are sent and received on a demand-circuit interface only when a change occurs in the network topology.

In the following example, the OSPF interface **so-0/0/1.0** is configured for flooding reduction. As a result, all the LSAs generated by the routes that traverse the specified interface have the DoNotAge bit set when they are initially flooded, and LSAs are refreshed only when a change occurs.

```
[edit]
protocols ospf {
  area 0.0.0.0 {
    interface so-0/0/1.0 {
      flood-reduction;
    }
  }
}
```

# Поиск “снизу вверх” (1)

- <https://apps.juniper.net/cli-explorer/>

The screenshot shows the CLI Explorer web application. The header features the title "CLI Explorer" and the subtitle "Explore Junos OS configuration statements and commands." A navigation menu icon is visible in the top right. Below the header, there is a rating section: "Rate and give feedback: ★★★★★". The main content area displays the title "CLI Explorer" and the subtitle "Configuration Statements and Commands Supported in Junos OS on All Products". A filter bar is present with the text "Filter by Product Family". Below this, there is a filter by number or letter section: "Filter by Number or Letter: All ( 3 8 A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z |)". A search bar is also present with the text "Filter by Search: flood-reduction". The search results are displayed in a table with two columns: "Commands and Statements" and "Supported Platforms". The "Commands and Statements" column contains the text "flood-reduction", which is highlighted with a red box. The "Supported Platforms" column contains the text "ACX Series, EX Series, M Series, MX Series, PTX Series, SRX Series, T Series".

CLI Explorer

Explore Junos OS configuration statements and commands.

Rate and give feedback: ★★★★★

## CLI Explorer

Configuration Statements and Commands Supported in Junos OS on All Products

Filter by Product Family

Filter by Number or Letter: All ( 3 8 A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z |)

Filter by Search: flood-reduction

| Commands and Statements | Supported Platforms  |
|-------------------------|--|
| flood-reduction         | ACX Series, EX Series, M Series, MX Series, PTX Series, SRX Series, T Series |

# Поиск “снизу вверх” (2)

## ▸ flood-reduction

### Syntax

```
flood-reduction;
```

### Hierarchy Level

```
[edit protocols (ospf | ospf3) area area-id interface interface-name],  
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name protocols (ospf | ospf3) area area-id interface interface-name],  
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name protocols (ospf | ospf3) area area-id interface interface-name],  
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name protocols (ospf | ospf3) area area-:  
[edit protocols ospf3 realm (ipv4-multicast | ipv4-unicast | ipv6-multicast) area area-id interfaces interface-name],  
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name protocols ospf3 realm (ipv4-multicast | ipv4-unicast | ipv6-multicast) area  
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name protocols ospf3 realm (ipv4-multicast | ipv4-unicast | ipv6-multicast) :  
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name protocols ospf3 realm (ipv4-multica:  
[edit protocols (ospf | ospf3) area area-id virtual-link neighbor-id router-id transit-area area-id],  
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name protocols (ospf | ospf3) area area-id virtual-link neighbor-id router-id tra:  
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name protocols (ospf | ospf3) area area-id virtual-link neighbor-id router-id  
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name protocols (ospf | ospf3) area area-:  
[edit routing-instances routing-instance-name protocols ospf area area-id sham-link-remote address ],  
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name routing-instances routing-instance-name protocols ospf area area-id sham-li:  
[edit protocols ospf area area-id peer-interface interface-name],  
[edit logical-systems logical-system-name protocols ospf area area-id peer-interface interface-name]
```

### Release Information

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 9.6.

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 10.4 for EX Series switches.

### Description

Specify to send self-generated link-state advertisements (LSAs) with the DoNotAge bit set. As a result, self-originated LSAs are not reflooded every 30 minutes, as required by OSPF by default. An LSA is refreshed only when the content of the LSA changes, which reduces OSPF traffic overhead in stable topologies.

### Download This Guide

[Download this guide: OSPF PDF](#)

### Supported Platforms

[ACX Series](#)  
[EX Series](#)  
[M Series](#)  
[MX Series](#)  
[PTX Series](#)  
[SRX Series](#)  
[T Series](#)

### Related Documentation

[ACX, EX, M, NFX, PTX, QFX, T Series, QFabric System](#)

[Configuring OSPF Refresh and Flooding Reduction in Stable Topologies](#)

# Полезные ссылки

- Introducing Junos OS Command-Line Interface
  - [https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en\\_US/junos/information-products/pathway-pages/junos-cli/junos-cli.html](https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos/information-products/pathway-pages/junos-cli/junos-cli.html)
- Day One: Exploring the Junos CLI
  - <https://www.juniper.net/us/en/training/jnbooks/day-one/fundamentals-series/cli/>
- Day One: Junos for IOS Engineers
  - <https://www.juniper.net/us/en/training/jnbooks/day-one/fundamentals-series/junos-for-ios-engineers/>

# Вопросы?

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